

Atty Dkt. No.: CLON-037CON  
USSN: 09/839,696

**In the claims:**

Claims 1-13 (Canceled).

14. (Currently Amended) A method for synthesizing carboxymethylated aspartate agarose chelating resin, said method comprising:
- (a) forming oxirane-agarose;
  - (b) conjugating aspartic acid to said oxirane-agarose to produce aspartate agarose;
  - (c) carboxymethylating said aspartate agarose to produce carboxymethylated aspartate agarose; and
  - (d) complexing said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose with a metal ion other than  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  **to produce a complex that offers two available valencies, wherein said metal ion is a transition metal ion.**

15. (Original) The method, according to claim 14, wherein said conditions for oxirane-agarose formation comprise carrying out the formation at about room temperature, overnight, adjusting to about pH 7.0.

16. (Previously Presented) The method, according to claim 14, wherein said conjugating aspartic acid to said oxirane-agarose comprises reacting said oxirane-agarose and said aspartic acid at about 80°C for 4 hours.

17. (Previously Presented) The method, according to claim 14, wherein said method further comprises washing said aspartate-agarose to remove extraneously bound metals.

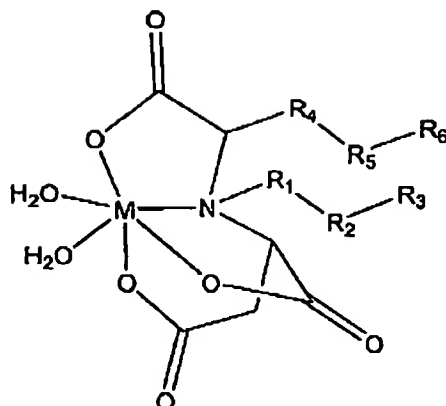
Claims 18-37 (Cancelled).

38. (Cancelled)

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39. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 14, wherein said transition metal ion is a third-block transition metal ion.
40. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 39, wherein said transition metal ion is selected from the group consisting of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ .
41. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 40, wherein said transition metal ion is  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ .
42. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim ~~14~~ **38**, wherein said transition metal is complexed to said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose in an octahedral geometry.
43. (Cancelled)
44. (Currently Amended) A method for synthesizing carboxymethylated aspartate agarose chelating resin, said method comprising:  
(a) forming oxirane-agarose;  
(b) conjugating aspartic acid to said oxirane-agarose to produce aspartate agarose;  
(c) carboxymethylating said aspartate agarose to produce carboxymethylated aspartate agarose; and  
(d) complexing said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose with a metal ion other than  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  to produce a ~~The method according to claim 14, wherein said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose chelating resin is described by the formula:~~

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wherein  $R_4-R_5-R_6 = H$ ;

M = transition metal ion in a 2+ oxidation state with a coordination number of 6;

$R_1$  = a linking arm connecting the nitrogen atom of CM-Asp with  $R_2$ ;

$R_2$  = a functional linking group through which CM-Asp linking arm  $R_1$  is connected to  $R_3$ ;  
 and

$R_3$  = an agarose matrix.

Cancel Claims 45 to 57.

Please add the following new claims:

58. (New) The method, according to claim 44, wherein said conditions for oxirane-agarose formation comprise carrying out the formation at about room temperature, overnight, adjusting to about pH 7.0.

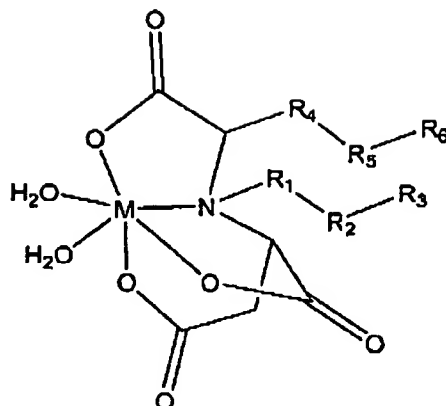
59. (New) The method, according to claim 44, wherein said conjugating aspartic acid to said oxirane-agarose comprises reacting said oxirane-agarose and said aspartic acid at about 80°C for 4 hours.

60. (New) The method, according to claim 44, wherein said method further comprises washing said aspartate-agarose to remove extraneously bound metals.

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61. (New) The method according to claim 44, wherein said transition metal ion is a third-block transition metal ion.
62. (New) The method according to claim 61, wherein said transition metal ion is selected from the group consisting of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ .
63. (New) The method according to claim 62, wherein said transition metal ion is  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ .
64. (New) The method according to claim 44, wherein said transition metal is complexed to said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose in an octahedral geometry.
65. (New) A method for synthesizing carboxymethylated aspartate agarose chelating resin, said method comprising:
- (a) forming oxirane-agarose;
  - (b) conjugating aspartic acid to said oxirane-agarose to produce aspartate agarose;
  - (c) carboxymethylating said aspartate agarose to produce carboxymethylated aspartate agarose; and
  - (d) complexing said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose with a metal ion other than  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  to produce a carboxymethylated aspartate agarose chelating resin described by the formula:

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wherein  $R_1-R_2-R_3 = H$ ;

M = transition metal ion in a 2+ oxidation state with a coordination number of 6;

$R_4$  = a linking arm connecting the methylene carbon atom of the carboxymethyl group of CM-Asp with  $R_5$ ;

$R_5$  = a functional linking group through which CM-Asp linking arm  $R_4$  is connected to  $R_6$ ;  
 and

$R_6$  = an agarose matrix.

66. (New) The method, according to claim 65, wherein said conditions for oxirane-agarose formation comprise carrying out the formation at about room temperature, overnight, adjusting to about pH 7.0.

67. (New) The method, according to claim 65, wherein said conjugating aspartic acid to said oxirane-agarose comprises reacting said oxirane-agarose and said aspartic acid at about 80°C for 4 hours.

68. (New) The method, according to claim 65, wherein said method further comprises washing said aspartate-agarose to remove extraneously bound metals.

69. (New) The method according to claim 65, wherein said transition metal ion is a third-block transition metal ion.

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70. (New) The method according to claim 69, wherein said transition metal ion is selected from the group consisting of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  and  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ .

71. (New) The method according to claim 70, wherein said transition metal ion is  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ .

72. (New) The method according to claim 65, wherein said transition metal is complexed to said carboxymethylated aspartate agarose in an octahedral geometry.